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CHAMPION TECHNOLOGY HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock code: 92)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE FINAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

FINAL RESULTS

The board (the “**Board**”) of directors (the “**Directors**”) of Champion Technology Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”, together with its subsidiaries, collectively, the “**Group**”) announces the consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2017 with comparative figures for the previous year as follows:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30 June 2017

| | Notes | 2017 HK\$'000 | 2016 HK\$'000 |
|--|-------|--------------------|------------------|
| Revenue | 2(a) | 194,544 | 4,979,715 |
| Cost of sales | | (133,336) | (3,207,198) |
| Gross profit | | 61,208 | 1,772,517 |
| Other income, gains and losses | | 5,181 | 5,138 |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries | 12 | 6,097 | 15,924 |
| Distribution costs | | (27,332) | (30,739) |
| General and administrative expenses | | (91,172) | (153,008) |
| Impairment losses recognised for inventories | 9 | (4,275,921) | — |
| Impairment losses recognised for development costs for systems and networks | 7 | (49,199) | (1,548,411) |
| Impairment losses recognised for available-for-sale investments | 8 | (418,296) | (93,084) |
| Research and development costs expensed | | (3,089) | (1,940) |
| Finance costs | | (11,984) | (5,093) |
| Share of result of a joint venture | | (4) | (4) |

| | <i>Notes</i> | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Loss before taxation | | (4,804,511) | (38,700) |
| Income tax expense | 4 | <u>(405)</u> | <u>—</u> |
| Loss for the year | | <u>(4,804,916)</u> | <u>(38,700)</u> |
| Other comprehensive income: | | | |
| Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: | | | |
| Remeasurement of defined benefits pension plans | | (208) | 5,655 |
| Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: | | | |
| Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations | | 188 | 7,737 |
| Exchange difference reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of a subsidiary | | <u>—</u> | <u>(783)</u> |
| Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the year | | <u>(20)</u> | <u>12,609</u> |
| Total comprehensive expense for the year | | <u>(4,804,936)</u> | <u>(26,091)</u> |
| Loss for the year attributable to: | | | |
| Owners of the Company | | (4,189,059) | (28,590) |
| Non-controlling interests | | <u>(615,857)</u> | <u>(10,110)</u> |
| | | <u>(4,804,916)</u> | <u>(38,700)</u> |
| Total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to: | | | |
| Owners of the Company | | (4,189,072) | (19,901) |
| Non-controlling interests | | <u>(615,864)</u> | <u>(6,190)</u> |
| | | <u>(4,804,936)</u> | <u>(26,091)</u> |
| Loss per share – Basic and diluted | 6 | <u>HK(66.16) cents</u> | <u>HK(0.45) cents</u> |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2017

| | <i>Notes</i> | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | 42,470 | 45,646 |
| Development costs for systems and networks | 7 | — | 66,901 |
| Available-for-sale investments | 8 | — | 418,296 |
| Interest in a joint venture | | 459 | 463 |
| | | <u>42,929</u> | <u>531,306</u> |
| Current assets | | | |
| Inventories | 9 | 4,254,744 | 8,555,151 |
| Trade and other receivables | 10 | 46,718 | 36,814 |
| Deposits, bank balances and cash | | 121,971 | 131,426 |
| | | <u>4,423,433</u> | <u>8,723,391</u> |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 11 | 75,416 | 76,996 |
| Warranty provision | | 1,073 | 1,055 |
| Customers' deposits | | 3,483 | 3,483 |
| Amount due to a director | | 9,975 | — |
| Interest bearing bank and other borrowings — amount due within one year | | 203,636 | 194,677 |
| | | <u>293,583</u> | <u>276,211</u> |
| Net current assets | | <u>4,129,850</u> | <u>8,447,180</u> |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | <u>4,172,779</u> | <u>8,978,486</u> |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Interest bearing bank and other borrowings — amount due after one year | | — | 3,677 |
| Retirement benefit obligations | | 60,727 | 57,821 |
| | | <u>60,727</u> | <u>61,498</u> |
| Net assets | | <u>4,112,052</u> | <u>8,916,988</u> |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Share capital | | 633,179 | 633,179 |
| Reserves | | 2,890,848 | 7,079,920 |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company | | <u>3,524,027</u> | <u>7,713,099</u> |
| Non-controlling interests | | 588,025 | 1,203,889 |
| | | <u>4,112,052</u> | <u>8,916,988</u> |

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2017

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”). Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

In the current year, the Group has applied a number of amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA that are mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 July 2016. The adoption of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current and prior years.

2. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

(a) Revenue

Revenue represents the amounts received and receivable for goods sold and services provided by the Group to external customers, licensing fees and leasing income received and receivable, and dividends received and receivable from the Group’s strategic investments during the year.

The revenue of the Group comprises the following:

| | 2017 <i>HK\$’000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$’000</i> |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Sales of cultural products | 53,000 | 1,084,418 |
| Sales of systems and related products | 92,737 | 1,322,175 |
| Licensing fees (<i>note</i>) | — | 2,509,352 |
| Rendering of services | 26,960 | 32,214 |
| Leasing of systems products | 21,847 | 25,910 |
| Dividend income | — | 5,646 |
| | <u>194,544</u> | <u>4,979,715</u> |

Note: On 6 April 2016, the Group entered into agreements with various independent third parties granting them non-exclusive rights to exploit and use the design of the Group’s systems and networks where the parties may freely assign, transfer, delegate, sub-contract or sub-license any of their rights by giving notice to the Group. During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Group received an aggregated income of HK\$2,016,308,000, which was non-refundable, and such income was included in licensing fees income.

(b) Segment information

The operating segments have been identified on the basis of internal management reports prepared in accordance with accounting policies conforming to HKFRSs, which are regularly reviewed by the executive directors of the Company, for the purpose of allocating resources to segments and assessing their performance. Four operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 “Operating Segments” are identified as follows:

- Sales of cultural products — includes income from trading of cultural products
- Systems sales and licensing — includes income from sales of systems and related products, software licensing and customisation and provision of related services
- Leasing of systems products — includes income from leasing of systems products
- Strategic investments — includes income from available-for-sale investments

The accounting policies of the operating and reportable segments are the same as the Group’s accounting policies described in the consolidated financial statements. Segment results represent the loss before taxation incurred by each reportable segment, excluding interest income, finance costs, share of result of a joint venture, unallocated income and expenses such as central administration costs and directors’ salaries. This is the measure reported to the executive directors of the Company, the chief operating decision makers, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Information regarding the above segments is reported below:

| | Sales of cultural products | Systems sales and licensing | Leasing of systems products | Strategic investments | Consolidated |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| | <i>HK\$’000</i> | <i>HK\$’000</i> | <i>HK\$’000</i> | <i>HK\$’000</i> | <i>HK\$’000</i> |
| Year ended 30 June 2017 | | | | | |
| REVENUE | | | | | |
| External and total revenue | <u>53,000</u> | <u>119,697</u> | <u>21,847</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>194,544</u> |
| RESULTS | | | | | |
| Segment result | <u>(4,269,763)</u> | <u>(81,984)</u> | <u>3,045</u> | <u>(428,054)</u> | <u>(4,776,756)</u> |
| Interest income | | | | | 180 |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries | | | | | 6,097 |
| Finance costs | | | | | (11,984) |
| Unallocated expenses, net | | | | | (22,044) |
| Share of result of a joint venture | | | | | (4) |
| Loss before taxation | | | | | <u>(4,804,511)</u> |

| | Sales of cultural products <i>HK\$'000</i> | Systems sales and licensing <i>HK\$'000</i> | Leasing of systems products <i>HK\$'000</i> | Strategic investments <i>HK\$'000</i> | Consolidated <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Year ended 30 June 2016 | | | | | |
| REVENUE | | | | | |
| External and total revenue | <u>1,084,418</u> | <u>3,863,741</u> | <u>25,910</u> | <u>5,646</u> | <u>4,979,715</u> |
| RESULTS | | | | | |
| Segment result | <u>158,488</u> | <u>(87,624)</u> | <u>3,511</u> | <u>(105,203)</u> | (30,828) |
| Interest income | | | | | 8,688 |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries | | | | | 15,924 |
| Finance costs | | | | | (5,093) |
| Unallocated expenses, net | | | | | (27,387) |
| Share of result of a joint venture | | | | | (4) |
| Loss before taxation | | | | | <u>(38,700)</u> |

| | Sales of cultural products <i>HK\$'000</i> | Systems sales and licensing <i>HK\$'000</i> | Leasing of systems products <i>HK\$'000</i> | Strategic investments <i>HK\$'000</i> | Consolidated <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Year ended 30 June 2017 | | | | | |
| Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss: | | | | | |
| Amortisation and depreciation | — | 26,156 | 1,334 | — | 27,490 |
| Impairment losses recognised for inventories | 4,275,921 | — | — | — | 4,275,921 |
| Impairment losses recognised for development costs for systems and networks | — | 49,199 | — | — | 49,199 |
| Impairment losses recognised for available- for-sale investments | — | — | — | 418,296 | 418,296 |

| | Sales of cultural products <i>HK\$'000</i> | Systems sales and licensing <i>HK\$'000</i> | Leasing of systems products <i>HK\$'000</i> | Strategic investments <i>HK\$'000</i> | Consolidated <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Year ended 30 June 2016 | | | | | |
| Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss: | | | | | |
| Amortisation and depreciation | — | 1,300,711 | 2,326 | — | 1,303,037 |
| Impairment losses recognised for development costs for systems and networks | — | 1,548,411 | — | — | 1,548,411 |
| Impairment losses recognised for available-for-sale investments | — | — | — | 93,084 | 93,084 |

No assets and liabilities are included in segment reporting as they are not regularly reviewed by the executive directors of the Company.

(c) Geographical information

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue and non-current assets by location of customers and by location of assets respectively:

| | Revenue | | Non-current assets (Note) | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Year ended 30 June | | As at 30 June | |
| | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
| People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), including Hong Kong and Macau | 53,690 | 2,473,304 | 11,115 | 79,162 |
| Europe (mainly United Kingdom and Germany) | 140,854 | 647,610 | 31,355 | 31,814 |
| Japan | — | 1,056,276 | — | — |
| Others | — | 802,525 | — | 1,571 |
| | 194,544 | 4,979,715 | 42,470 | 112,547 |

Note: Non-current assets exclude the Group's available-for-sale investments and interest in a joint venture.

3. AMORTISATION AND DEPRECIATION

| | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Amortisation on development costs for systems and networks, included in cost of sales | 17,702 | 1,291,013 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, included in general and administrative expenses | <u>9,798</u> | <u>12,024</u> |
| Total amortisation and depreciation | <u><u>27,500</u></u> | <u><u>1,303,037</u></u> |

4. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

| | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Current tax expense: | | |
| — United Kingdom (“UK”) corporate income tax | 272 | — |
| — Germany corporate income tax | 129 | — |
| — Malaysia corporate income tax | <u>4</u> | <u>—</u> |
| Income tax expense | <u><u>405</u></u> | <u><u>—</u></u> |

The UK corporation income tax rate was reduced from 20% to 19% effective from 1 April 2017. UK corporate income tax is calculated at 19% and 20% (2016: 20%) on the estimated assessable profit derived from UK.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of Germany, the Group is subjected to corporate income tax at 15% (2016: 15%) of the assessable profit of the subsidiary which carried on business in Germany.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of Malaysia, the Group is subjected to corporate income tax at 24% (2016: 24%) of the assessable profit of the subsidiary which carried on business in Malaysia.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the “EIT Law”) and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years. There is no estimates assessable profit for PRC Enterprise Income Tax for both years.

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2016: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits derived from Hong Kong. There was no estimated assessable profit for Hong Kong Profits Tax for both years.

The low effective tax rate is attributable to the fact that a substantial portion of the Group’s profit neither arose in, nor was derived from, Hong Kong and was accordingly not subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax and such profit was either exempt from Macau income tax or not subject to taxation in any other jurisdictions.

5. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year ended 30 June 2017 nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of reporting period (2016: nil).

6. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$4,189,059,000 (2016: HK\$28,590,000) and on the weighted average number of shares of 6,331,789,000 shares (2016: 6,331,789,000 shares) in issue.

Diluted loss per share for the two years ended 30 June 2017 were the same as the basic loss per share as there were no potential ordinary shares outstanding during both years.

7. DEVELOPMENT COSTS FOR SYSTEMS AND NETWORKS

| | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Cost | | |
| At beginning of the year | 13,769,943 | 14,616,880 |
| Currency realignment | (7) | (908) |
| Written off | — | (826,824) |
| Disposal of a subsidiary | — | (19,205) |
| | <u>13,769,936</u> | <u>13,769,943</u> |
| At end of the year | <u>13,769,936</u> | <u>13,769,943</u> |
| Amortisation and impairment | | |
| At beginning of the year | 13,703,042 | 11,708,001 |
| Currency realignment | (7) | (725) |
| Provided for the year | 17,702 | 1,291,013 |
| Impairment losses recognised | 49,199 | 1,548,411 |
| Written off | — | (826,824) |
| Disposal of a subsidiary | — | (16,834) |
| | <u>13,769,936</u> | <u>13,703,042</u> |
| At end of the year | <u>13,769,936</u> | <u>13,703,042</u> |
| Carrying value | | |
| At end of the year | <u>—</u> | <u>66,901</u> |

Development costs for systems and networks include all direct costs incurred in setting up and development of systems and networks. The Group's development costs for systems and networks are amortised over the estimated economic useful lives of 1 to 2 years (2016: 1 to 3 years).

During the year ended 30 June 2016, due to the continued poor market condition in Asia Pacific region, management conducted a strategic review of the Group's system sales and licensing segment business. On 6 April 2016, the Group entered into agreements with various independent third parties (being in the business as developers) granting non-exclusive rights to exploit and use the design of certain of the Group's developed systems and networks for a total consideration of HK\$2,016,308,000, which has been included in revenue for the year ended 30 June 2016. The Group retains its rights to sell those products to their customers.

Due to the arrangement of the grant of non-exclusive exploitation and design usage rights, the Group has revised certain assumptions, including the expected sales quantity and price, used for developing its budget and estimated cash flows for the development costs for system and networks. The recoverable amount based on the value in use method using the revised estimated cash flow was estimated by management at HK\$66,901,000 and an impairment loss of HK\$1,548,411,000 was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2016. The estimated cash flows forecasts from the project covered a period of 1 to 3 years and was discounted at a rate of 10%-25% based on financial budgets approved by management.

As at the end of the year ended 30 June 2017, the directors of the Company reassessed the market conditions in Asia Pacific region for the Group's systems and networks and considered that they were worse than previously expected. Further, no revenue in Asia Pacific region was generated from the system sales and licensing segment business except HK\$332,000 relating to web design and production, paging services and other maintenance income which was recorded in that segment. However, this was not generated as the result of the occurrence of these development cost. Management of the Group conducted an impairment review of the Group's system sales and licensing segment business in Asia Pacific region. The impairment assessment took into account the fact that no further development costs will be provided by the Group for that segment after granting the independent third parties non-executive rights to exploit and use the design of certain of the Group's developed systems and networks during the year ended 30 June 2016. The recoverable amount based on the value in use method was estimated as zero and accordingly, full impairment loss of HK\$49,199,000 was recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2017.

8. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Unlisted equity securities, at cost | 518,480 | 518,480 |
| Impairment loss recognised | (518,480) | (100,184) |
| | <u>—</u> | <u>418,296</u> |

The unlisted equity investments represent investments in unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated outside Hong Kong holding strategic investments that are involved in information technology and telecommunications industry. They are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the management is of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Group disposed of certain unlisted investments with a carrying amount of HK\$116,768,000 to independent third parties at an aggregate cash consideration of HK\$116,992,000. As a result, a gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments of HK\$224,000 was recognised in profit or loss.

As at the end of the year ended 30 June 2016, management has assessed the recoverable amount of the available-for-sale investments, which was determined using the carrying amount of net assets of the entities. The available-for-sale investments were written down to their recoverable amount of HK\$418,296,000 and an impairment loss of HK\$93,084,000 was charged to profit or loss.

As at the end of the year ended 30 June 2017, the management of the Company considered that there was a general downturn in the market. Furthermore, the management had not received the necessary financial and other information of these investments nor been able to establish contacts with these investees. Accordingly, management has assessed the recoverable amount of the available-for-sale investments base on the limited financial information from or about these investments and management's own experience. The available-for-sale investments were written down to their recoverable amount of nil and an additional impairment loss of HK\$418,296,000 was charged to profit or loss.

9. INVENTORIES

| | 2017 HK\$'000 | 2016 HK\$'000 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Raw materials | 6,602 | 6,578 |
| Work in progress | 5,786 | 4,243 |
| Finished goods (<i>notes</i>) | 4,242,356 | 8,544,330 |
| | <u>4,254,744</u> | <u>8,555,151</u> |

Notes:

- (i) Included in finished goods are cultural products, including precious stones and antiques, of HK\$4,235,385,000 (2016: HK\$8,536,913,000) which are held for trading and resale in the ordinary course of business.
- (ii) Around 86.7% or 319 pieces out of total 368 pieces of cultural products (2016: 86.5% or 321 pieces out of total 371 pieces of cultural products) are stored in museum operated by a company wholly-owned by Prof. Paul Kan Man Lok, a director and substantial shareholder of the Company up to 30 September 2016 and 1 October 2016 respectively, on a consignment basis.
- (iii) In the opinion of the Directors, finished goods amounting to HK\$4,115,384,000 are not expected to be realised within one year.

The Group had engaged cultural product/jewellery experts to perform an inspection on the inventories of cultural products. According to these experts, downgradings and reclassifications were required to be made on a number of inventory items of cultural products. The Group engaged an independent valuer to reassess the current market values of the inventories as at 30 June 2017 based on the findings of the cultural product/jewellery experts concerning the grading and classification of the cultural products.

As a result of the assessment, the management of the Group had determined that the net realisable values of a number of the inventory items of cultural products were lower than their costs and that the shortfalls amounted to an aggregate amount of HK\$4,275,921,000. Accordingly, the Group recognised an impairment loss of HK\$4,275,921,000 for the year ended 30 June 2017.

10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Trade receivables | 17,910 | 23,744 |
| Other receivables | 28,808 | 13,070 |
| | 46,718 | 36,814 |

The Group maintains a well-defined credit policy regarding its trade customers depending on their credit worthiness, nature of services and products, industry practice and condition of the market with credit period ranging from 30 days to 180 days. The Group credit policy for sales of cultural products is cash on delivery. The advances to suppliers and other receivables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and refundable, and are expected to be realised in the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

| | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|---------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 0 — 60 days | 16,179 | 20,682 |
| 61 — 90 days | 1,676 | 158 |
| 91 — 180 days | 55 | 2,904 |
| | 17,910 | 23,744 |

11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Trade payables | 7,487 | 11,059 |
| Other payables | 67,929 | 65,937 |
| | 75,416 | 76,996 |

The aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

| | 2017 <i>HK\$'000</i> | 2016 <i>HK\$'000</i> |
|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 0 — 60 days | <u>7,487</u> | <u>11,059</u> |

The credit period for purchases of goods ranged from 30 days to 60 days.

Other payables mainly represent receipts in advance from customers of HK\$21,315,000 (2016: HK\$30,706,000) and accruals.

12. GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

On 30 August 2016, the Group disposed of its entire interests in Vision Kingdom Limited and Top Gallop International Limited, together with their subsidiaries, Smart (Macao Commercial Offshore) and Victory (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited, respectively, to an independent third party for a total consideration of HK\$6,000,000 fully satisfied by cash. The consideration was received during the year ended 30 June 2016 and has been included as other payables as at 30 June 2016.

As at 30 August 2016, the carrying amount of net liabilities disposed of amounted to HK\$97,000, mainly representing deposits, bank balances and cash of HK\$2,536,000, other receivables of HK\$185,000 and other payables of HK\$2,818,000. The net gain on disposal amounted to HK\$6,097,000.

13. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(i) Acquisition of subsidiaries involving the issue of promissory note

On 19 July 2017, Honest City Enterprises Limited (as the purchaser), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement with three independent third parties, Wealth Track Asia Limited (the “**Vendor**”), Mr. Yeung Chi Hang (as the Vendor’s guarantor) and Golden Field Property Limited (the “**Golden Field**”) to acquire 51% equity interest of Golden Field at consideration of HK\$150,000,000, which shall be satisfied by payment of HK\$30,000,000 and the issue of the promissory note of HK\$120,000,000 by the Company to the Vendor.

Golden Field is an investment holding company incorporated in Hong Kong on 12 March 1992 with limited liability which was 51% owned by the Vendor immediately prior to completion of the acquisition. Golden Field has 95% equity interest in Dongguan Golden Field Yijing Hotel Limited, a company incorporated in People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC subsidiary**”) and has no other significant assets and liabilities and has not carried out any significant business activities since 2013.

The PRC subsidiary is a sino-foreign equity joint venture established in the PRC on 1 July 2000 and has engaged in the business of leasing of a legally owned property. It is also the legal and beneficial owner of the property. The property comprises a parcel of land with a site area of approximately 25,235.6 square meter and a hotel property including 5 buildings with 253 rooms and suites, known as Dongguan Metropolitan Yijing Hotel, erected thereon, completed in about 2002 and renovated in about 2016. The land use rights of the property have been granted for 2 terms and the earliest term expiring on 10 December 2032 for commercial use.

The acquisition was completed on 19 July 2017 and the Golden Field and its subsidiary became an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company.

The cash consideration of HK\$30,000,000 was paid on 18 July 2017.

The promissory note was issued by the Company on 19 July 2017 with principal amount of HK\$120,000,000. The interest shall be calculated at 1% per annum on the principal amount then outstanding on a daily basis which shall be due and payable on the anniversary date of the date of the promissory note. The maturity date of the promissory note is 19 December 2019 or such other date as the Company and the holder(s) of the promissory note may agree in writing. Neither the Company nor the holder(s) of the promissory note may assign any of its rights and obligations without the prior written consent of the other party. The Company may repay all or part of the principal together with interest accrued thereon at any time prior to the maturity date by giving 7 days' prior written notice to the holder(s) of the promissory note.

The fair value of the Group's share of Golden Field's identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed could only be determined on a provisional basis pending completion of the fair value appraisal process. The Group is still in the process of identifying and valuing intangible assets of Golden Field that can be recognised separately from goodwill.

(ii) Placing of shares

By general mandate granted by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 13 December 2016, the Company is authorised to allot and issue up to 1,266,357,730 new shares. On 26 July 2017, the Company entered into placing agreements with two placing agents to place an aggregate of 1,266,356,000 placing shares of HK\$0.1 each at the placing price of HK\$0.105 per placing share. On 10 August 2017, 1,266,356,000 placing shares were allotted to not fewer than six placees. The net proceeds were approximately HK\$129.7 million for general working capital of the Group and for development of the existing and future projects of the Group.

(iii) Borrowing of HK\$305,000,000

On 12 June 2017, the Company, Mr. Cheng Yang (the “**Guarantor**”) and a licensed money lender (the “**Lender**”) in Hong Kong had entered into a facility agreement which the lender agreed to lend the Company up to HK\$305,000,000 in aggregate principal amount and the expiry date is 12 months from the date of the first utilisation.

The Company had drawn down a loan with principal amount of HK\$203,000,000 on 5 July 2017 and HK\$97,000,000 on 6 July 2017 respectively. The maturity date of the loan is 4 July 2018. The loan is secured by 640,689,792 shares of Kantone Holdings Limited (stock listed in HKEX, stock code: 1059) and personal guarantee by Mr. Cheng Yang, a director of the Company.

Cheng Yang had resigned as director of the Company on 15 August 2017 and disposed of 1,766,860,957 shares of the Company on 17 August 2017. The facility agreement stated that the Guarantor shall ensure that he directly and beneficially own not less than 1,766,860,957 shares of the Company at all times and he shall remain as the chairman of the board of directors of the Company. No action has been taken by the Lender and their waiver was obtained on 28 September 2017 with retrospective effect. The Lender has granted the Company an option to roll over the unpaid balance of the loan for another 12 months from the termination date, i.e. 4 July 2019.

EXTRACT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE COMPANY'S CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

The independent auditor of the Company will issue a disclaimer of opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The below section set out an extract of independent auditor's report regarding the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2017:

Disclaimer of Opinion

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

(a) Limitation of scope – impairment of available-for-sale investments

As disclosed in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 30 June 2017, the Group had available-for-sale investments (“**AFS Investments**”) whose cost and accumulated impairment losses brought forward from prior year amounted to HK\$518,480,000 and HK\$100,184,000, respectively. The AFS Investments related to investments in unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated outside Hong Kong (the “**AFS Investees**”) representing holding of strategic investments in the information technology and telecommunications industries. Consistent to prior years, they were measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses at the end of the reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates was so significant that the directors of the Company were of the opinion that their fair values could not be measured reliably.

As at 30 June 2017, the management of the Group determined that there existed objective evidence that an impairment loss had been incurred on the AFS Investments, after taking into account the significant decline in carrying amounts of net assets of the AFS Investees based on the unaudited financial information of the investees currently available to the management of the Group. Further, the Group did not receive any dividend income from the AFS Investees during the year ended 30 June 2017. In assessing the recoverability of the AFS Investments, the management of the Group tried to establish direct communications with the management of the AFS Investees to understand their latest developments and obtain further and updated financial information of the AFS Investees. However, as at date of this report, the management of the Group represented to us that they have not been able to obtain from the AFS Investees

the necessary financial and other information nor been able to establish contacts with the management of the AFS Investees. Having considered the general downturn in their respective markets, the management of the Group believed that the AFS Investments should be fully impaired. Accordingly, the Group recognised an additional impairment loss of HK\$418,296,000 for the year ended 30 June 2017.

During the course of our audit, we sought to perform alternative audit procedures to satisfy ourselves that the AFS Investments were fully impaired as at 30 June 2017. However the scope of our alternative audit procedures was limited to a set of unaudited financial information for each of the AFS Investees which showed significant write-offs of assets. In particular, as at the date of this report, we have received no response from the AFS Investees to our requests for (i) direct confirmation from the management of the respective AFS Investees that the unaudited financial information provided by the management of the Group to us were consistent to their book and records; and (ii) interviews with the management of the respective AFS Investees.

As a result of the limitations in the scope of our work as explained in the foregoing paragraphs, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the impairment assessment of the AFS Investments by the management of the Group. Accordingly, we were unable to satisfy ourselves that the impairment loss of HK\$418,296,000 recognised as an expense during the year ended 30 June 2017 and the Nil carrying amount of the AFS Investments as at 30 June 2017 were free from material misstatements. Any adjustments that might have been found to be necessary in respect of these account balances would have a significant effect on the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and the Group's financial performance for the year then ended, and the related disclosures thereof in the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Limitation of scope — impairment of inventories resulting from downgradings and reclassifications of cultural products

Included in the Group's inventories as at 30 June 2017 were cultural products whose cost amounted to HK\$8,511,305,000. These cultural products were purchases made by the Group in the second half of the preceding financial year by the former management of the Group in the ordinary course of business for its principal activity of trading of cultural products. Consistent to the impairment review performed as at the end of the preceding financial year, cultural product and jewellery experts (the "**Current Experts**") were engaged by the management of the Group to perform an inspection, on a test basis, on the inventories of the cultural products. As a result of the inspection, the Current Experts advised the management of the Group that downgradings and reclassifications were required to be made on a number of the inventory items of cultural products. The findings of the Current Experts were inconsistent with the results of the grading and classification review carried out by the former management of the Group on the cultural products as at 30 June 2016 which had been confirmed by another team of cultural product and jewellery experts (the "**Former Experts**") who had performed an onsite inspection, on a test basis, on the inventories of cultural products as at 30 June 2016. As a result of the inconsistencies in the grading and classification of cultural products as at 30

June 2017 and 2016, the current management of the Group resolved to arrange another team of cultural product and jewellery experts to conduct a full inspection of the cultural products regarding their grading and classification as soon as practical (the “**Full Inspection**”). As at the date of this report, the management of the Group is still in the process of identifying and arranging suitable team of experts to conduct the Full Inspection. For the purpose of preparing the current year’s consolidated financial statements, the management of the Group had reassessed the current market values of the inventories as at 30 June 2017 based on the findings of the Current Experts concerning the grading and classification of the cultural products. As a result of the assessment, the management of the Group had determined that the net realisable values of a number of the inventory items of cultural products were lower than their costs and that the shortfalls amounted to an aggregate amount of HK\$4,275,921,000. Accordingly, the Group recognised an impairment loss of HK\$4,275,921,000 for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Because of the inconsistencies in the written findings of the Former Experts and the Current Experts concerning the grading and classification of cultural products and the unavailability of sufficient appropriate audit evidence available to us as at the date of this report to ascertain the assessment of the net realisable values of the cultural products made by the current management of the Group, we were unable to satisfy ourselves that the impairment loss of HK\$4,275,921,000 recognised as an expense during the year ended 30 June 2017 and carrying amount of the cultural products of HK\$4,235,385,000 as at 30 June 2017 were free from material misstatements. Any adjustments that might have been found to be necessary in respect of the above would have a significant effect on the Group’s financial position as at 30 June 2017 and the Group’s financial performance for the year then ended, and the related disclosures thereof in the consolidated financial statements.

As a result of these matters, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might have been found necessary in respect of available-for-sale investments and inventories, and the other elements making up the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL RESULTS

Revenue

Champion Technology Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (the “**Group**”) reported a revenue for the year under review of approximately HK\$195 million compared with approximately HK\$4,980 million of the previous year, a decrease of approximately 96 percent. This was mainly due to the absence of licensing fees as a result of the scale-down of the investments in the development of systems and networks in recent years and the sale of the right to exploit and use the design of the Group’s systems and networks during the year ended 30 June 2016 which would otherwise be exclusive to the Group. The revenue under the segment of the systems sales and licensing and leasing of system products for the year under review in the Asia Pacific region were significantly dropped to HK\$332,000, which was relating to web design and production, paging services and other maintenance income.

Other than the revenue generated in Asia Pacific region, the Group’s revenue of the systems sales and licensing and leasing of system products was mainly generated by our United Kingdom principal subsidiary — Multitone Electronics PLC (“**Multitone**”), which recorded a revenue for the year under review of approximately HK\$141 million compared with approximately HK\$160 million of the previous year, representing of a decrease of approximately 12 percent. The decrease in revenue was due to the drop in the exchange rate of Pound Sterling against Hong Kong dollar. In fact, the revenue denominated in Pound Sterling increased by approximately 3 percent as compared with the year 2016.

Unlike previous years, the Group managed to start selling of cultural products under indent sales business model and direct marketing model during the year under review without relying on any distributor and we have which recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$23 million and approximately HK\$30 million respectively.

Loss attributable to Owners of the Company

The loss for the year under review is approximately HK\$4,805 million (2016: approximately HK\$39 million). Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company is approximately HK\$4,189 million (2016: approximately HK\$29 million). The loss was mainly due to the significant drop in revenue and the impairment losses recognised for the development costs for systems and networks, available-for-sale investments and inventories during the year. Loss per share is HK66.16 cents (2016: HK0.45 cents).

Distribution Costs

The Group's distribution costs for the year was mainly incurred by Multitone, which recorded distribution costs for the year under review of approximately HK\$26 million compared with approximately HK\$30 million of the previous year, representing of a decrease of approximately 13 percent. This was mainly due to the drop in the exchange rate of Pound Sterling against Hong Kong dollar. In fact, the distribution costs denominated in Pound Sterling increased by approximately 4 percent.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses for the year decreased by approximately 41 percent to approximately HK\$91 million from approximately HK\$153 million of previous year as a result of the business realignment.

Amortisation and Depreciation

Amortisation and depreciation costs for the year significantly dropped to approximately HK\$28 million, compared with approximately HK\$1,303 million of previous year, due to the scale-down in the development of IT systems and networks.

Impairment Loss

During the year ended 30 June 2017, the Directors continuously studied the market conditions of the information technology industry with the intention to invest in leading technologies with high earning potential. However, other than those systems owned and developed by Multitone, the Directors had not been able to establish whether the rest of the systems owned by the Group were still able to generate any revenue to the Group, especially after the granting to independent third parties during the year ended 30 June 2016 the non-exclusive right to exploit and use the design of certain of the Group's developed systems and networks. Noting that minimal revenue was generated from the systems sales and licensing segment in Asia pacific region during the year, the Directors considered it prudent not to project for any positive cash flow from those systems in the foreseeable future. Therefore, management decided not to make any further investment into the existing development projects in Asia pacific region but will maintain its investment in the European region as the relevant technologies are still developing well and the management of Multitone has kept increasing its market share in different parts of Europe.

The Group had engaged cultural product/jewellery experts to perform an inspection on the inventories of cultural products. According to these experts, downgrading and reclassification were required to be made on a number of items of cultural products in our inventory. The Group then engaged an independent professional valuer, Hilco Global Greater China Limited (“**Hilco**”), to value the Group's inventories. The results of the valuation prepared by Hilco, based on the classifications and remarks of the cultural product/jewellery experts, reflected that the fair value

of a number of the inventory items of cultural products fell below their carrying amount due to the downgrading and reclassification, therefore an impairment loss on inventories of approximately HK\$4,276 million were recognised during the year under review.

Due to the slow-moving properties typical to cultural products in general, the Directors expect that some of the inventories would remain unsold 12 months after the end of reporting period. Management considered that it might not be surprising to estimate that it might take years to sell all the inventories. However, no provision has been made in the accounts of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2017 as the Directors target to sell most, if not all, of the existing inventories within the next 24 months on a best effort basis. Any change in market conditions would affect the profit or loss in future years. At 30 June 2017, the carrying amount of the Group's inventories was approximately HK\$4,255 million (2016: approximately HK\$8,555 million).

During the year ended 30 June 2017, only uncertified and simple balance sheets as at 30 June 2017 and income statements for the year ended 30 June 2017 were given to us through our ex-senior management for which the existing management has not been able to verify their correctness, meaning that the management had not received the necessary financial and other information of these investments nor been able to establish contacts with these investment entities and based on the fact that no dividend income was received from these investments since 1 January 2016, the management considered that the recoverable amount cannot be reliably measured. Hence, an impairment loss of approximately HK\$418 million, representing the full amount of book value carried forward from last financial year, was charged to profit or loss as if all these investment were cheated by the operators of these companies. The Group's management has engaged lawyers in the countries in which these investee companies were incorporated with the intention to take legal actions to protect and if possible recover part or all of the Group's investment in these overseas companies. These investments were made during the years 2000 and 2003.

Finance Costs

Finance costs for the year increased to approximately HK\$12 million from approximately HK\$5 million of the previous year, which was due to the increase in borrowings during the year.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

With the change in management in October 2016, the new management adopted a strategic plan in realigning the existing businesses, namely to sell the inventories, further developing the systems sales and licensing business in the United Kingdom and tapping into the business opportunity in the properties and hotel sectors.

The resignation and retirement of the old management coincided with the disintegration of all the previous sale channels and business networks of the sales of cultural products. Therefore the Group had to re-build the new sale channels and business networks for the sales of cultural products.

With the effort of the new management, the Group started the sale of cultural products through newly established networks and it represented an encouraging breakthrough by the current management in the sales of cultural products business.

The Group's wholly-owned U.K. subsidiary — Multitone, being a leading provider of Messaging-System Solutions to Healthcare, Aged Care, Local Government and Retail Markets has continued enhanced its existing systems and invented new systems to cater for the needs of its customers. Multitone is specialised in the design and manufacturing of communication systems and equipment, specifically, the development and delivery of integrated critical messaging system solutions.

The Company's management currently works with Multitone in collaboration to introduce its products into Hong Kong market and the China market. And, following the visit of Multitone's management to Hong Kong recently, the Group's management has confirmed its full support for Multitone to open up the market in Greater China.

The Group has been exploring opportunities for the systems sales and licensing segment to broaden the geographic base of customers, especially to the PRC market, and improving the sale channel and business network of the sales of cultural products segment, and expect to generate positive results in due course. Furthermore, following the completion of the acquisition of 51% equity interests of Golden Field Property Limited on 19 July 2017, the Group will diversify and further expand its business portfolio into the PRC property sector and the hotel industry.

Kantone Holdings Limited (“Kantone”)

Revenue for Kantone's group was approximately HK\$141 million, as compared with approximately HK\$2,090 million of the previous year. Loss for the year was approximately HK\$1,757 million, as compared with the loss for the in the fiscal year 2016 of approximately HK\$18 million.

The Kantone Group faced a significant drop in revenue. This was mainly due to the absence of licensing fees as a result of the scale-down of the investments in the development of systems and networks in recent years and the sale of the non-exclusive rights to exploit and use the design of the Group's systems and networks during the year ended 30 June 2016 which would otherwise be exclusive to the Group.

Throughout the year, the Kantone Group was able to maintain its momentum in the European market by continuing its investment and enhancement within the healthcare and emergency services sectors. However, the Euro and Pound Sterling have remained weak throughout the reporting period which eroded into the profit margin of the Kantone Group as the costs of certain components were priced in US dollars. To maintain our products competitiveness, Kantone Group has continued to focus on employing its development resources to provide customers with critical messaging solutions in the niche markets.

In order to keep pace with the challenging business environment, the Group would continue to enhance its products and marketing plans with the aim of improving sales and the overall return.

OUTLOOK

A review of the operations of the Group during the year is provided in the section headed “Review of Operations” above and the prospect of the Group’s future business development generally remains unchanged as stated in the Company’s interim report for the six months ended 31 December 2016 (“**Interim Report 2016/2017**”).

Overview

Concerns over the tensions related to North Korea and the possibility of swifter rate hikes from the Fed have driven some investors to flee from risk assets but we believe the probability is low of a major escalation in North Korean tensions or a sharp Fed tightening.

As the financial market fundamentals remain healthy and the global economy is solid, we remain confident that the financial markets can fetch higher in the coming year.

We have a guarded outlook for China property development in view of the tightening liquidity and property cooling policies. However, similar to the phenomenon in the past few years, the upward trend of Shenzhen property as well as those located in the extended Shenzhen areas are expected to grow continually irrespective of the general property market conditions.

Cultural Artifacts Investment

There are quite a number of artifacts and Shoushan Tianhuang and Changhua Tianhuang Stones in the Group’s inventory. Tianhuang Stones are generally conceived as the “King of Stones” in China. These jewelry stones from Fujian and Zhejiang provinces were said to be worth its weight in gold, which has long been reflected in the market price that the current price is higher than the value of gold. The Management attaches great importance to these valuable assets, while the Group believes that by virtue of the advantages of this resource, the realisation plan for these artifacts can be implemented.

To determine its upward trend over the past few years, the management has appointed an independent valuer to revalue the value of Tianhuang jewelry stones.

Investment Plan In Auction Business

Auction businesses are experiencing a new lease on life, thanks to reality TV shows featuring auctioneers and antique hunters. It’s not that auction businesses have ever disappeared from the landscape, but that scores of buyers are waking up to the idea of buying secondhand merchandise in an auction environment.

The Group has planned to recruit elite and skilled auctioneers to develop auction house projects. In addition, the Group considers switching to live auction as one of the ways to improve market share of the project itself.

Strong Rooms & Vaults

The Group intends to match its business plan in auction house by entering into the security industry, with the aim to design and build high security, prefabricated and modular strong rooms for sale and leasing. These high quality, secured structures enable the storage of high-value items away from the risk of theft, attack or hostage taking. The main features of these security systems render that clients' privacy being protected, ensure lowest holding and transaction costs in auction related transactions by enabling direct warehousing before and after auction while taking the advantage of Hong Kong's duty-free policy for most artifacts.

Based on the above cultural artifacts investment, the investment plan in auction business, and the investment in the strong rooms and vault, the Group is confident in the future because the success of these three investments can make the Group's trade-related transactions proceed in bulk trading mode afterwards, while it also allows the public to have a better channel to be involved, so as to pave the way for the future of artifacts securitisation.

Communication Systems

Multitone has taken a substantial market share in both UK and Germany. Targeted new markets to be explored include Asia and Eastern Europe. Multitone will work in collaboration with the Group's management in Hong Kong to introduce its products into the China market. Management considers that there is a strong demand for relevant communication systems and equipment in China. On the other hand, the Group's management would work closely with Multitone in identifying high quality electronic products made in China and distribute them through the present well-established distribution channel in Europe.

Education Business

Investment Plan in Preschool Education

According to the result of the 6th Census of Population of Mainland China, the number of infants under the age of 6 was 105 million, among which 22.91 million dwelled in cities, and 82.16 million in rural areas.

The per capita disposable income of China of 2015 is RMB21,966, increase by 8.9% than the previous year, people in China would cater for higher quality life and education for the next generation.

China is experiencing a peak of childbearing couples between at the age of between 20-29, and with the fourth “Baby Boom” and the introduction of “Two Children Policy”, we have strong reason to expect an enormous market of infants and children education.

To cite the *National Middle and Long Term Reform and Development Outlines for Education (2010-2020)*, the market size of preprimary education is RMB350 billion annually, with RMB150 billion of infant education under age of 3, which would experience 15% compounded growth, and RMB200 billion for market of age of 3-6, with 20% compounded growth each year.

According to the data from the National Bureau of Statistics of China, by 2015, there were 233,683 kindergartens in Mainland China, an 11.3% increase of 23,802 compared to 2014. Among which, 146,376 kindergartens were private invested and operated, which stood for 62.6%.

It’s estimated that the total number of kindergartens in Mainland China would reach over 300,000 by the year 2020, and among which 200,000 would be private-invested.

It’s clear to conclude that the preschool market in Mainland China stand for huge opportunity.

In order to seize the enormous commercial opportunity in China’s preschool market, the Group intends to set up platform company for the purpose of education projects investment and management, and to combine and integrate quality resources into the platform for education projects development.

Internal Control

Since a reliable and cost efficient internal control system is fundamental to the successful operation and day-to-day running of a business and in achieving its business objectives, the new management has engaged a professional internal control consultant to conduct a study of the Group’s overall operations, excluding those of Multitone which, based on new management’s own observations and studies, are found to be reliable and effective. The Board is implementing the recommendations suggested by this consultant to improve the overall internal control of the Group and to prevent recurrence of previous deficiencies.

As stated in our Interim Report 2016/2017, the Group would try to seek this consultant’s advice to incorporate and implement better internal control over the strategic, governance and management processes, covering the company’s entire range of activities and operations on top of those directly related to financial operations and reporting. Our long-term target aims to cover not only those aspects of a business that could broadly be defined as compliance matters, but extends also to the performance aspects of the business.

The management understands that good internal controls need to be responsive to the specific nature and needs of the business. Hence, the Group would seek to reflect sound business practice, remain relevant over time in the continuously evolving business environment and enable the Group to respond to the specific needs of the business and industry.

Eventually, the Group's management hopes to see that business opportunities are maximised and potential losses associated with unwanted events reduced.

DIRECTORS' VIEW ON THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S OPINION

Presumably, auditing standards and guidelines should mean to guide the auditors to express audit opinions which would lead the readers of audit reports to have a better understanding rather than misunderstanding of the financial reports.

While the directors of the Company understand that the auditors are obligated to adhere strictly to the auditing standards and guidelines without the freedom to explain in their auditor reports to the readers specifically as to whether the other parts of the financial statements in which the auditors have not encountered any limitation are indeed proper, true and fair.

In this respect and with regret, such auditing standards and guidelines are apparently not rational because it could easily lead the public readers to draw the wrong conclusion that the rest of the information disclosed in the financial statements are not reliable or having created limitation to the work of the auditors.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

Financial Position and Gearing

The Group's financial position remained positive with a reasoning gearing.

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had approximately HK\$122 million (2016: approximately HK\$131 million) liquid assets made up of deposits, bank balances and cash. Current assets were approximately HK\$4,423 million (2016: approximately HK\$8,723 million) and current liabilities amounted to approximately HK\$294 million (2016: approximately HK\$276 million). With net current assets of approximately HK\$4,130 million (2016: approximately HK\$8,447 million), the Group maintained a high level of financial liquidity. The gearing ratio of the Group, which calculation was based on the Group's total borrowings of approximately HK\$203.6 million (2016: approximately HK\$198.4 million) and equity attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$3,524 million (2016: approximately HK\$7,713 million), was 0.058 (2016: 0.026).

As at 30 June 2017, the Group's total borrowings comprised bank loan of approximately HK\$3.6 million (2016: approximately HK\$198.4 million), and other borrowing of approximately HK\$200 million (2016: Nil), all will be repayable within one year (2016: approximately HK\$194.7 million repayable within one year and approximately HK\$3.7 million repayable in the second year). Finance costs for the year were approximately HK\$12.0 million (2016: approximately HK\$5.1 million).

Treasury Policy

The Group is committed to financial prudence and maintains a positive financial position with low gearing. The Group finances its operation and business development by a combination of internally generated resources, capital market instruments and banking facilities.

All the borrowings were used by subsidiaries of the Company bearing interest at fixed rate for other borrowing and floating rates for bank loan. As all the Group's borrowings were denominated in their local currencies, the currency risk exposure associated with them was insignificant.

The Group does not engage in any speculative derivatives or structured product transactions, interest rate or foreign exchange speculative activities. It is the Group's policy to manage foreign exchange risk through matching foreign exchange income with expense, and where exposure to foreign exchange is anticipated, appropriate hedging instruments will be used.

Capital Commitments

As at 30 June 2017, the Group's capital commitments which were authorised but not contracted for amounted to approximately HK\$1 million (2016: HK\$17 million). These commitments were related to the renovation of office premises in Hong Kong.

Charges

As at 30 June 2017, other borrowing of the Group in the total amount of HK\$200 million were secured by personal guarantee provided by Mr. Cheng Yang (the director of the Company and resigned on 15 August 2017) and all the 640,689,792 shares of Kantone owned by the Company, representing approximately 64.94% of the issued share capital of Kantone. Besides, bank loan of the Group in the total amount of HK\$3.6 million was secured by the corporate guarantee provided by the Company to its principal subsidiary under Kantone's group.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any charges on assets as at 30 June 2017.

Contingent liabilities

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

Significant investments held, material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, and future plans for material investments or capital assets

There were no significant investments held, no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the year ended 30 June 2017.

There is no plan for other material investments or additions of capital assets as at the date of this announcement.

REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2017, the Group employed about 285 staff around the globe. Staff costs for the year ended 30 June 2017 were approximately HK\$99 million (2016: approximately HK\$128 million).

The remuneration of the employees of the Group is determined with reference to market terms and the performance, qualifications and experience of the individual employee.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are recommended by the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee of the Company after considering factors such as the Company's operating results, individual performance, salaries paid by comparable companies, and time commitment and responsibilities of the position.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Directors do not recommend any payment of final dividend for the year ended 30 June 2017 (2016: nil).

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed the Company's listed securities during the year ended 30 June 2017.

SCOPE OF WORK OF MOORE STEPHENS CPA LIMITED

The figures in respect of the preliminary announcement of the Group's results for the year ended 30 June 2017 have been agreed by the Group's auditor, Moore Stephens CPA Limited, to the amounts set out in the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year. The work performed by Moore Stephens CPA Limited in this respect did not constitute an assurance engagement in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing, Hong Kong Standards on Review Engagements or Hong Kong Standards on Assurance Engagements issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and consequently no assurance has been expressed by Moore Stephens CPA Limited on this preliminary announcement.

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Throughout the year ended 30 June 2017, the Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, save for the deviation of code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code below:

Under the code provision A.4.1 of the CG Code, all non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Whilst the non-executive Directors are not appointed for a specific term, the term of office for non-executive Directors is subject to retirement from office by rotation and is eligible for re-election in accordance with the provisions of the bye-laws of the

Company. At each annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being, (or if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation so that each Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. As such, the Company considers that such provision is sufficient to meet the underlying objectives of CG Code.

COMPLIANCE WITH MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of the Listed Issuers (the “**Model Code**”) as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding directors’ securities transactions. Specific enquiries have been made with all Directors, who have confirmed that, during the year ended 30 June 2017, each of them has complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company (the “**Audit Committee**”) has reviewed with the management of the Group on the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, its internal controls and financial reporting matters.

The annual results of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2017 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

By order of the Board
CHAMPION TECHNOLOGY HOLDINGS LIMITED
LIU KA LIM
Executive Director

Hong Kong, 29 September 2017

As at the date of this announcement, the executive director of the Company is Mr. Liu Ka Lim; the non-executive director of the Company is Ms. To Yin Fong Cecilica; and the independent non-executive directors of the Company are Mr. Zhang Jingzhi, Mr. Leung Man Fai and Mr. Chan Yik Hei.